Stage 2

Eligible Hospital and Critical Access Hospital Meaningful Use Core Measures Measure 2 of 16

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Record Demographics	
Objective	Record all of the following demographics: preferred language, sex, race, ethnicity, date of birth, date and preliminary cause of death in the event of mortality in the eligible hospital or CAH.
Measure	More than 80 percent of all unique patients seen by the EP or admitted to the eligible hospital's or CAH's inpatient or emergency department (POS 21 or 23) during the EHR reporting period have demographics recorded as structured data.
Exclusion	No exclusion.

Table of Contents

- Definition of Terms
- Attestation Requirements
- Additional Information
- Certification and Standards Criteria

Definition of Terms

Admitted to the Emergency Department – There are two methods for calculating ED admissions for the denominators for measures associated with Stage 2 of Meaningful Use objectives. Find out more in this FAQ.

Preferred Language – The language by which the patient prefers to communicate.

Unique Patient – If a patient admitted to the hospital inpatient or emergency department more than once during the EHR reporting period, then for purposes of measurement that patient is only counted once in the denominator for the measure.

Attestation Requirements

NUMERATOR/DENOMINATOR/THRESHOLD

- DENOMINATOR: Number of unique patients seen by the EP or admitted to an eligible hospital or CAH inpatient or emergency department (POS 21 or 23) during the EHR reporting period.
- NUMERATOR: The number of patients in the denominator who have all the elements of demographics (or a specific notation if the patient declined to provide one or more elements or if recording an element is contrary to state law) recorded as structured data.
- THRESHOLD: The resulting percentage must be more than 80 percent in order for an EP, eligible hospital or CAH to meet this measure.

Additional Information





- Race and ethnicity codes must follow current federal standards published by the Office of Management and Budget (http://www.whitehouse.gov/omb/inforeg_statpolicy/#dr).
- If a patient declines to provide all or part of the demographic information, or if capturing a patient's ethnicity or race is prohibited by state law, such a notation entered as structured data would count as an entry for purposes of meeting the measure. In regards to patients who do not know their ethnicity, EPs should treat these patients the same way as patients who decline to provide race or ethnicity— identify in the patient record that the patient declined to provide this information.
- EPs are not required to communicate with the patient in his or her preferred language in order to meet the measure of this objective.
- Date and preliminary cause of death are only required when the patient dies while in the hospital. Preliminary cause of death can be later updated and still counts in the measure. It can also not be updated and still count in the measure.
- The term "gender" in the Stage 1 objective is replaced with the term "sex" for Stage 2.
- In order to meet this objective and measure an eligible hospital or CAH must use the capabilities and standards of CEHRT at 45 CFR 170.314(a)(3).

Certification and Standards Criteria

Below is the corresponding certification and standards criteria for electronic health record technology that supports achieving the meaningful use of this objective.

Certification Criteria

Enable a user to electronically record, change, and access patient demographic data including preferred language, sex, race, ethnicity, and date of birth.

§ 170.314(a)(3) Record Demographics

- (A) Enable race and ethnicity to be recorded in accordance with the standard specified in § 170.207(f) and whether a patient declines to specify race and/or ethnicity.
- (B) Enable preferred language to be recorded in accordance with the standard specified in § 170.207(g) and whether a patient declines to specify a preferred language.
- (ii) Inpatient setting only. Enable a user to electronically record, change, and access preliminary cause of death in the event of a mortality.

Standards Criteria The Office of Management and Budget Standards for Maintaining, Collecting, and Presenting Federal Data on Race and Ethnicity, Statistical Policy Directive No. 15, as revised, October 30, 1997 (see "Revisions to the Standards for the Classification of Federal Data on Race and Ethnicity," available at http://www.whitehouse.gov/omb/fedreg_1997standards). Standards Criteria The Office of Management and Budget Standards for Maintaining, Collecting, and Presenting Federal Data on Race and Ethnicity, Statistical Policy Directive No. 15, as revised, October 30, 1997 (see "Revisions to the Standards for the Classification of Federal Data on Race and Ethnicity," available at http://www.whitehouse.gov/omb/fedreg_1997standards). Standards Criteria The Office of Management and Budget Standards for Maintaining, Collecting, and Presenting Federal Data on Race and Ethnicity, Statistical Policy Directive No. 15, as revised, October 30, 1997 (see "Revisions to the Standards for the Classification of Federal Data on Race and Ethnicity," available at http://www.whitehouse.gov/omb/fedreg_1997standards). As specified by the Library of Congress, ISO 639-2 alpha-3 codes limited to those that also have a corresponding alpha-2 code in ISO 639-1. (incorporated by



Language



reference in § 170.299).

^{*}Depending on the type of certification issued to the EHR technology, it will also have been certified to the certification criterion adopted at 45 CFR 170.314 (g)(1), (g)(2), or both, in order to assist in the calculation of this meaningful use measure.



